

13 October 2020

Roger Hirst
Police, Fire and Crime Commissioner for Essex
Kelvedon Park
London Road
Rivenhall
Witham
Essex
CM8 3HB

Dear Roger,

As Independent Anti-Slavery Commissioner, I am writing in connection with my statutory responsibility to encourage good practice in the prevention, detection, investigation and prosecution of modern slavery offences and the identification of victims. My office comprises of a small team with policy leads aligned to each of the priorities set out within my [Strategic Plan 2019-2021](#): improving victim care and support; supporting law enforcement and prosecutions; focusing on prevention; getting value out of research and innovation; as well as a policy lead for international activity. In September 2020 I published my [Annual Report](#) outlining my work so far to achieve the objectives within my Strategic Plan 2019-2021.

I was pleased to see the announcement¹ in late 2019 regarding the significant government investment to provide Police and Crime Commissioners in eighteen areas across England and Wales with additional funding for two years to tackle violent crime. I understand that this funding is being used to bring together multi-agency partners including the police, local authorities, the health sector, community groups and third sector organisations to establish or build upon existing Violence Reduction Units (VRUs) to better understand what is driving violent crime and deliver co-ordinated initiatives that focus on prevention and early intervention.

Earlier this year I began working with Public Health England and other key stakeholders to explore a public health approach to modern slavery², therefore am supportive of examining the evidence base and thinking about the root causes of complex societal issues to inform the way that whole system approaches can be used to prevent harm.

Given the considerable overlap between modern slavery, exploitation and serious violence, I am keen to understand more about the strategic priorities and the intervention activity being delivered by the VRUs across England and Wales. Having reviewed the Violence Reduction Units in Focus report³ recently published by the Association of Police and Crime Commissioners, I was particularly interested to read about how the Essex Violence and Vulnerability Unit has supported funding of a 'reachable moment' pilot in Basildon and Thurrock University Hospital A&E to reach out to vulnerable young people arriving with injuries.

¹ Home Office (2019) [Funding for Violence Reduction Units announced](#)

² Independent Anti-Slavery Commissioner (2020) [IASC Blog: A public health approach to modern slavery](#)

³ Association of Police and Crime Commissioners (2020) [PCCs making a difference: Violence Reduction Units in focus](#)

I would therefore be grateful if you would be willing to share with my office a copy of your Problem Profile/Strategic Needs Assessment, Response Strategy and any updates regarding progress on delivery. April McCoig, the Victims and Partnerships lead within my office will be co-ordinating responses and can be contacted at April.McCoig@iasc.independent.gov.uk.

Finally, I have recently published two reviews which may be of interest to you in relation to modern slavery and exploitation. The first is a report of findings⁴ from my call for evidence on use of the Modern Slavery Act 2015 Section 45 Statutory Defence which identified gaps in the safeguarding response for young people who had been criminally exploited. The second is a joint review produced in collaboration with ECPAT UK to identify what works in multi-agency decision making and the implications for child victims of trafficking⁵ to inform the development of a pilot to trial devolved National Referral Mechanism (NRM) decision making for children.

I look forward to receiving your response. In the interests of transparency, I request that you respond in a way that enables me to publish your letter on my website.

Yours sincerely,



Independent Anti-Slavery Commissioner

⁴ Independent Anti-Slavery Commissioner (2020) [The Modern Slavery Act \(2015\) Statutory Defence: A call for evidence](#)

⁵ Independent Anti-Slavery Commissioner and ECPAT UK (2020) [A review of what works in multi-agency decision making and the implications for child victims of trafficking](#)